

Amagasaki City Special Version Disaster Prevention Handbook

Evacuation Planning

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Introduction

The nation has been hit by large scale earthquakes such as the Great East Japan Earthquake, the 2016 Kumamoto Earthquake, and the 2018 Hokkaido Eastern Iburi Earthquake in the past years alone. They have caused the severe damages to the areas as a result of tremors and tsunami. A massive earthquake, Nankai Trough Earthquake is predicted to occur within the next 30 years. Meanwhile, the series of disasters including river flooding have occurred due to typhoons and heavy rain. The 2018 Japan floods occurred in July killed more than 200 people. The damages caused by natural disasters have become more serious. Therefore, we should be prepared for large scale disasters.

The city of Amagasaki has issued this handbook to provide evacuation information such as how to evacuate, when to evacuate, and how to obtain the information. We hope this handbook will help you understand the evacuation procedures and evacuate quickly and appropriately in times of an emergency.

Best regards,

Amagasaki City Mayer Inamura Kazumi

Key entities of evacuation (Roles of self-help, mutual-help and public-help)

"Self-help," "mutual-help," and "public-help" are three key entities to achieve disaster prevention measures. Collaborative work among entities will eventually lead to disaster mitigation.

Self-help

 Protect yourself and your family
 Be prepared in advance



Mutual-help

Support each other within the local communities
Perform disaster prevention drills in the local communities.



Public-help

Identify designated evacuation sites
Create plans on disaster prevention



Public authorities may not be able to provide relief quickly to aid all disaster victims immediately after a disaster.

Meanwhile, self-help and mutual-help will play a primary role in responding to them in the event of a disaster.



1. General evacuation flowcharts

Typhoons and Heavy Rain Alert categories and action to take A typhoon is 6 approaching. Disaster may occur. dvi sor Emergency Weather Warning Check warning information Weather information on TV, radio, etc. Alert low high 台風情報 Level Alert Level 3 Level 4 Level 5 Level **Prepare for** Disasters **Evacuation advisory** evacuation have already **Evacuation order** Note: The elderly and people who need assistance must start evacuating immediately **Decision-making** Evacuation (Emergency) occurred information Based on the information you gathered, make a decision when The elderly and people who need You must take a All residents Action proper action to evacuate. Get ready for assistance must immediately to must evacuate. to take evacuate immediately. protect your own life. evacuation to a safe place. Evacuate to a safe location/ Evacuate to Action to take **Decision-making** Action to take a safe place Shelter in place Evacuate to a temporary evacuation site Stay away from an area at risk before a disaster If you failed to evacuate, follow the occurs and evacuate to a safe for tsunami or a nearby sturdy building. next step. place including a designated If it is too late, move to a safer location

in the building you are currently in.

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evacuation site, etc.

2. Evacuation information

The Japan Meteorological Agency(JMA) and local government will issue alert levels preparing for potential disasters. The evacuation information is provided by local government to residents through outdoor loudspeakers, municipal information cars, Amagasaki Bosai Net ("Bosai Net" is online disaster prevention information), and emails on emergency early warnings. Planning ahead is vital to ensuring that you can evacuate quickly and safely, no matter what the circumstances, even before the announcement of evacuation information is made.



Alert categories for disasters High

Warnings and Emergency warnings

The JMA issues "warnings" to prepare against hazardous disasters triggered by heavy rain, earthquakes, tsunami, or storm surges. Meanwhile, "emergency warnings" or "tokubetsu keihou" are issued on extremely heavy rain or massive tsunami that will far exceed waring categories to alert the significant likelihood of catastrophes.

List of natural disasters which required emergency warnings

2016 The 2016 Kumamoto Earthquake

2016 Typhoon Chaba 2016 (The 18th Typhoon hit Okinawa)

2017 Heavy Rain in Kyushu Region

2018 2018 Japan floods

Emergency warnings are issued for areas expecting an exceptional risk of a magnitude that local residents have never experienced before. All residents must evacuate immediately.

3. Flood forecasting and tsunami warnings/advisories

The JMA will provide flood forecasting collaborating with central and local government agencies. Flood forecasting includes the information on water levels of the river segments that have been designated as potential flood-disaster rivers. The data provided by flood forecasting will be utilized for floods prevention activities in times of the rise of water level or river flooding. Also residents can refer to the information to make a pre-plan for evacuation. Water levels and flood forecasting of Mukogawa River and Inagawa River can be obtained on the website of the MLIT, or "kawa-no-bosai jyoho."

Floods	River		awa River	Inagawa River
forecasting	water level	Kohbubashi Observation Stn	Kosone Observation Stn	Ohbe Observation Stn
Flood has been occurred				
—	Over the hazardous water level	6.1m	7.5m	6.6m
Flood risk	Over the critical water level	5.2m	6.3m	4.0m
Flood warning	Over the evacuation warning water level	4.1m	4.7m	3.4m
Flood advisory	Over the advisory water level	3.2m	4.0m	2.5m
※ 川防 English	Q Sea	arch htt	ps //www	.river.go.j

Tsunami warnings(keihou)/advisories(chuihou)

In the event of a massive Nankai Trough Earthquake, the estimated arrival time of the first wave of tsunami in Amagasaki will be 117 minutes* after the earthquake. The highest tsunami wave level is estimated 4m. For your safety, stay evacuated until the tsunami advisory is lifted by the city officials. * Hygo Prefecture. (Dec 2013). Nankaitorafu kyodaijishin no tsunamishinsui no sötel ni tsuite

	Expected tsunami wave	heights		
	Height of wave	Level of tsunami (applicable to a massive earthquake)		
Large (emerge	Over 10m (10m <height)< th=""><th></th><th>If you remain near a coastline or river, evacuate to a</th></height)<>		If you remain near a coastline or river, evacuate to a	
ing su	10m(5m <height≦10m)< td=""><td>Massive</td><td>elevated land immediately.</td></height≦10m)<>	Massive	elevated land immediately.	
rge tsunami arning Jergency warning)	5m(3m <height≦5m)< td=""><td></td><td>Tsunami is not a single wave but a series of waves. Stay at a safe location until the tsunami warning is lifted.</td></height≦5m)<>		Tsunami is not a single wave but a series of waves. Stay at a safe location until the tsunami warning is lifted.	
Tsunami warning	3m(1m <height≦3m)< th=""><th>High</th><th>Never give up and look for the highest possible point.</th></height≦3m)<>	High	Never give up and look for the highest possible point.	
i Tsunami advisory	1m(0.2m≦height≦1m)		If you are in the water, stay out of the water immedi- ately and keep away from the coastline.	
~ <u>–</u>			Do not swim or do not return to a coastline until the tsunami advisory is lifted.	

4. How and where to evacuate

There are 3 different evacuation options during an emergency. The lateral evacuation: evacuate as far as possible from a river or coastline. The vertical evacuation: evacuate to an evacuation site or a nearby safe location. Shelter in place : evacuate to the 2nd floor or higher if you remain at house, office, etc.

If the lateral evacuation is more hazardous, determine either vertical evacuation or shelter in place.

The lateral evacuation





Evacuation sites

According to the type of a disaster and weather conditions, there are following different facilities are available in times of evacuation. Be aware of each facility's primary function and confirm the location of nearest evacuation site from home in advance.

Temporary evacuation sites for natural 🔀 🔝 🕅	Designated evacuation sites 🎑 🔝 🎊 🇱 🔀
These facilities provide temporary shelter in times of tsunami/flooding, or when those disasters are likely to occur. Temporary evacuation sites have become available once evacuation information is announced.	These facilities provide shelter until the risk of disasters is removed. Designated evacuation sites also provide lodging for people who have lost their homes in a disaster.
Evacuation sites for earthquakes and large scale fires 🔯	Welfare facilities for evacuation 🛛 🙀 🎼 🎆
These facilities provide shelter in the event of earthquakes or large scale fires triggered by tremors.	These facilities provide shelter for people who require special assistance.



Bosai Net

▼ User registration is required to receive information.

Evacuation information including evacuation advisories can be obtained from the city of Amagasaki through smartphones or cell-phones after you complete user registration.

For registration, send an email to : amagasaki@bosai.net or use QR code to receive the registration inquiry mail.

▼ Smartphone Apps

Evacuation information and evacuation site maps are available through apps. These apps also provide the text reading function that allow you to hear the information you have received.



Amagasaki city website	http://www.city.amagasaki.hyogo.jp/			
Outdoor loudspeakers & Municipal information cars		formation will be announced through outdoor loudspeakers installed in riversides ines. Emergency information is also provided by municipal information cars.		
TV/Radio	τν	Press "d" in your remote controller while you choose the channel either NHK or Sun TV to obtain information on weather conditions or evacuation sites in Amagasaki.		
	Radio The Community FM broadcasting station, FM Amagasa 82.0 MHz provides useful information in the event of a			
Social media	Faceb LINE Twit	Account Name: Amagasaki City/LINE ID:@amagasakicity		

* QR Code is a registered trademark of DENSO WAVE Incorporated.

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7. Your evacuation site and evacuation information

To ensure a quick and safe evacuation, complete the following evacuation form in advance.

Disasters	Tsunami	River flooding Name of River : ()River
Evacuation Sites Refer to p.6 and hazard maps		
haps	e.g. Elementary School A	e.g. Elementary School A
Evacuation Information Refer to p.4 & p.5	e.g. Large tsunami warning, tsunami warning	e.g. The river began overflowing at (). Evacuation advisory is issued.
How to obtain disaster-related information Refer to p.8	e.g. TV, Outdoor loudspeakers, Emergency alert emails	e.g. Amagasaki City Bosai Net, TV, Emergency alert emails

Get involved in your community and inform your evacuation.

Know your neighbors and inform them of your evacuation notice, where you are going. Fill in your contact information below and if you accompany someone, list their names as well. Establish a support network who will help you during an evacuation especially if you require assistance.

I will be out-of-town with the following person(s). Refer to p.11	Contact information

1. Preparedness

Disasters occur suddenly. The key to keep your family safe is to be prepared in advance. Read this handbook with your family and discuss what to do in the event of a natural disaster. Take a walking pre-survey of the designated sites of evacuation with this handbook and find out potential problems to determine an evacuation route in advance.

Discuss and plan with your family.

- Check furniture likely to fall in the event of earthquakes.
- Confirm safe routes to evacuation sites from home
- Assign responsibilities to each family member during an emergency evacuation.
- How each family member will contact one another if you are not together.
- Establish a place to meet if communication tools are shut down.
- Cope with a situation children remained home alone.



Emergency supplies & kit (Prepare for three-day survival on your own)

Water/Food

- Orinking water
- □ ♥Water tank/Water pouch
- □ [©]Processed quick-cooking rice
- Canned food/Ready-to-eat food
- Portable stove including gas cylinders Medical supplies
- □ Induction cookware
- Paper plates/Paper cups/Disposable chopsticks

Daily items

- [©]Portable radio or hand-crank radio
- □ ♥Rechargeable batteries for cell-phones, etc. □ ♥Portable toilet
- 🗌 🏺 Flashlight
- □ [©]LED lantern
- □ [©]Batteries
- □ **[©]**Matches/Lighter
- \square All-purpose knife (Army knife)
- □ Hard hat or hood/Helmet

Items marked with **Q**

- Raincoat □ Work gloves
- Trash bags
- Eye glasses/Contacts
- Eye mask/Ear plugs

- Medications
- First aid kit
- Medical record handbook(Okusuri Techo)

Personal Hygiene Items

- □ Tissues & Toilet paper
- □ **Q**Toothbrush & Toothpaste
- Pry shampoo
- ØMoist towelettes
- □ Feminine hygiene supplies
- Mask

The elderly supplies

- □ Hearing aid
- Denture
- Nursing care items

Baby supplies

- □ Baby food/Powdered milk
- □ Nursing bottle
- □ Diapers/Baby wipes

Clothing/Outfits for cold weather

- □ **[°]**[°]₉Blanket/Space blanket(Thermal blanket)
- □ Underclothes/Change of clothes
- □ **P**Disposable hand warmers

Valuables

- Cash including small coins
- Health insurance card

should be prepared for a blackout. In case public utilities are not available, stay informed on information provided by the city officials regarding charging spots, emergency water supplies, etc.

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2. How to guide people who require assistance

People who require assistance such as the elderly, people with disabilities, and people who have language barriers, etc., are more likely to encounter hardships responding to a disaster. We encourage your community build a support network to confirm their safety after a disaster, or provide disaster information and assistance to an evacuation site if they needed.

The elderly and the sick

- Carry the person on your back to a safe location.
- Use a cart (if available) to carry the person.
- Do not work alone.
 Find someone who could help you.

The visually impaired



Ask first and give the person an instruction.
 When you guide the person, go to the arm which does not have the cane. The person should keep his or her hand on your arm.
 Have the person half a step behind you and walk slowly.

The mobility impaired



 Having two or more people is essential when you need to handle a wheelchair on stairs. The safest method is facing up the stairs for both descending and ascending stairs.

If you are the only caregiver to carry the person, make sure you secure the parson on your back using ropes.

The hearing impaired Speak clearly, slowly, and distinctly to the



3. Disaster evacuation card (My personal information)

Information provided in this card will help you inform your health conditions in the event of an emergency. Complete this card and keep it with you.

Name			
Sex	BL	ood type	
Date of birth			
Address			
Phone number			

*You may photocopy of this page.

Medical/Nursing care information

	0		
Hospital/Clinic		Name of Hospital/Clinic	
Name of Doctor/ Clinical department		Phone number	
Nursing facility (if appli	cable)	Name of nursing facility	
Contact person at nursing facility (if applicable)		Phone number	
List of summer tradies	tions		

List of current medications

(e.g. hypotensive drug(ARB), insulin injection)

Specific medical conditions, adaptive equipment, etc.

(e.g. I need artificial dialysis 3 times/week. I am in a wheelchair)

Contact person(s) who provide assistance

Name	Relationship to the person (e.g. son, daughter, friend, etc.)	Phone number

4. Emergency contact information

Weekday 8:30am-7:00pm	Cor the		Amagasaki city call center t us for general inquires, otherwise we will transfer all accordingly or provide the contact information.	
Saturday/Sunday/Holiday		Call	06-6375-5639	
9:00am-5:00pm		Fax	06-6375-5625	
After business hours		We are not	hall office Night-time only. t able to transfer the call. inquiry to the appropriate section.	

Contact the appropriate section/division according to a damage/incident specified below Note: In the event of a natural disaster, you may get a busy signal for a long time.

Call

06-6489-6900

Note: In the event of a natural disast	er, you may get a busy signat io	or a long lime.
Damages/Incidents	Contact	Call
General inquiry for disaster prevention measures	Disaster Countermeasures Division	06-6489-6165
Injuries	Fire Bureau	119
Street flooding & Clogged street drains	Road Maintenance Division	06-6422-5034
River floods	River Management Division	06-6489-6498
Manhole faults such as missing manhole covers, open manholes, or manhole flooding. Backflow of sewage into a house, etc.	Sewerage System Department Construction Division	06-6489-6562
Fallen trees on street	Road Maintenance Division	06-6422-5034
Fallen trees in park	Park Maintenance Division	06-6489-6531

Public Utilities

Have your customer number (or go-shiyo bango) ready before you call. The number is specified in your public utility bill. Fill in your customer number (or go-shiyo bango) below.

Osaka Gas Co., Ltd.	0120-7-94817		
Osaka Gas Co,. Ltd. for gas leaks	0120-7-19424		
The Kansai Electric Power Co., Inc.		Your	
Amagasaki City Waterworks and Sewerage 8	:45am-5:30pm except Dec 29-Jan 3 06-6375-0002	customer number	
Amagasaki City Waterworks and Sewerage 5:	30pm-8:45am 24hr for Dec 29-Jan 3 06 - 6489 - 7400		

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